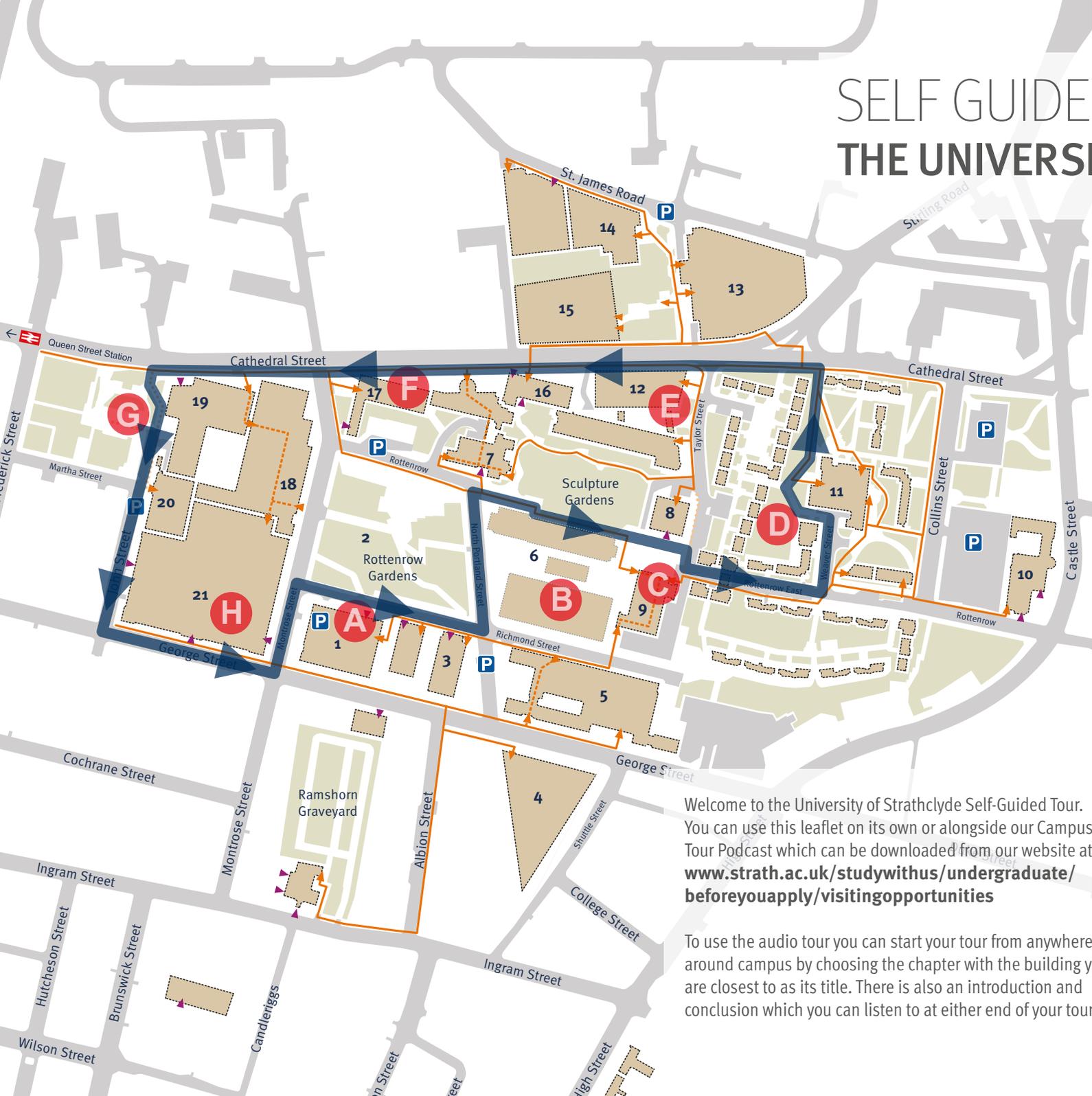


SELF GUIDED TOUR THE UNIVERSITY OF STRATHCLYDE



KEY

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- Accessible Routes External
- Accessible Routes through Buildings (Weekdays 8.00am - 6.00pm)
- Accessible Entrance
- Non-Accessible Entrances
- Public Car Parking, Pay and Display

Welcome to the University of Strathclyde Self-Guided Tour. You can use this leaflet on its own or alongside our Campus Tour Podcast which can be downloaded from our website at www.strath.ac.uk/studywithus/undergraduate/beforeyouapply/visitingopportunities

To use the audio tour you can start your tour from anywhere around campus by choosing the chapter with the building you are closest to as its title. There is also an introduction and conclusion which you can listen to at either end of your tour.

SELF GUIDED TOUR

THE UNIVERSITY OF STRATHCLYDE

Welcome to the University of Strathclyde. Our city centre campus demonstrates architecture from throughout the 20th & 21st Century. **Your tour should take approximately 45 minutes.**

1. The McCance Building

Opened in 1964, this building was originally the university library and used for Arts and Social Sciences lectures. Now it is the first point of contact for any Student Business and University Administration.

2. Rottenrow Gardens

This garden was built on the site of a former maternity hospital. One of its features is the 'Monument to Maternity', a seven-metre high stainless steel sculpture in the form of a giant nappy pin, designed by Scottish artist George Wyllie. It's a popular place for students and the general public to meet and is often used for people practising the sport parkour.

3. Livingstone Tower

The Maths & Statistics and Computer & Information Science schools can be found here. There used to be a penthouse where the principal lived on the 14th floor. This could only be reached by a set of stairs as the lift stopped on the 13th floor.

4. Technology and Innovation Centre

The Technology and Innovation Centre (TIC) at Strathclyde is a hub for world-leading research, transforming the way academics, business, industry and the public sector collaborate. In here academics and industry are working in partnership to find solutions to challenges that matter in areas of economic importance including advanced manufacturing & materials, health & wellbeing, innovation & entrepreneurship, measurement science & enabling technologies and ocean, air & space. The TIC is also an award winning conference and event facility.

5. Graham Hills Building

Named after a former principal, this building was once used by BT. It is now home to the Psychology, Law, Sport and Physical Activity and Speech and Language Pathology schools. It is also where the Disability and Wellbeing Service is based

6. Learning and Teaching Hub

This is the site of our new Learning and Teaching hub. This flagship facility is being designed by students and staff to develop leading edge teaching facilities, as well as providing a new home for student support services and the students union. This project is due for completion by 2020.

7. Sir William Duncan Building

This building is named after Glasgow born Sir William Duncan who was the Chief Officer of Rolls Royce and received an honorary degree from the University in 1978. Today this building is connected to the Strathclyde Business School on Cathedral Street. The majority of business departments are located within these buildings.

8. Callanish

This sculptor Gerald Laing was commissioned to create this public artwork on the highest natural point of the campus in the 1970's. Although named after the standing stones in the Western Isles, the 16 steel and concrete pillars are commonly called 'steelhenge' because of its similarity to the more famous Stonehenge.

9. John Anderson Building

Named after the university founder, this building houses the university's largest lecture theatre that is used by all faculties. It is also the base for the Physics department.

10. Barony

Dating from 1889 the Barony is a former church, whose design is based on that of the cathedral in Gerona, Spain, and is a splendid neo-gothic confection in red sandstone. Home to Strathclyde's graduation ceremonies, the Great Hall is a stunning backdrop for the highlight of any student's time at Strathclyde as well as being a popular event facility

11. Student Accommodation

Over 1,400 students live on campus in shared flats of 4-8 people. The University works hard to place people with similar interests together. Each accommodation block is named after Professors of Natural Philosophy and former Principals.



12. SIPBS Building

Completed in 2010, the Strathclyde Institute of Pharmacy and Biomedical Sciences (SIPBS) building's aim was to bring multi faceted disciplines together under one roof. The purpose built building is central to the aim of the institute to deliver speedier, more efficient drug discovery in its research and development.

13. Curran Building

The university library has over 1 million volumes and more than 8,000 journal subscriptions. It also houses the Andersonian Library which is responsible for the universities archives, special collections and rare books. The university's founder John Anderson bequeathed his personal library of 1,500 volumes to the university in his will. The National Centre for Prosthetics and Orthotics is also based in this building.

14. Lord Hope Building

The Lord Hope building was named after Lord Hope of Craighead, a former Chancellor of the University and the inaugural Deputy President of the UK Supreme Court. The Lord Hope building has recently been refurbished to provide great new facilities for Humanities students.

15. Strathclyde Sport

Our brand new Sports Centre opened in 2018. It is home to a range of great facilities for staff and students such as a 25 metre swimming pool, squash courts, fitness suite, sports halls and studio spaces. You can do exercise classes such as Zumba, Spin or Body attack or join one of our large number of sports teams.

16. Strathclyde Business School

These two buildings have recently undergone a £23.2 million transformation to locate the Business School in a single business quarter and provide state-of-the-art teaching facilities for our staff and students.

17. Henry Dyer Building

Named after Henry Dyer who was a student and then Governor of Anderson College (which later became The University of Strathclyde). He was appointed as principal of the Imperial College of Engineering in Tokyo in 1872 when he was only 25 years old. He continued as an unofficial liaison for Japan in Scotland supporting students and eventually introducing Japanese as a taught language at Glasgow University in 1901. The building now houses the Naval Architecture, Ocean and Marine Engineering department. The University is only one of three universities who teaches Naval Architecture in the UK.

18. James Weir Building

The James Weir Building is named after a graduate and founder of Weir Pumps. Built in two stages in 1957-58 and in 1961, you can still see the join outside from the different coloured bricks. Although it is where most of the Engineering departments are based it is probably more recognisable from the crime drama Taggart and other Scottish dramas like 'Sea of Souls' that have been filmed on campus over the years.

19. Thomas Graham Building

The Thomas Graham building was named after the Scottish chemist who is best-remembered today for his pioneering work in dialysis and the diffusion of gases. The Thomas Graham building is home to the Chemistry department with some excellent laboratories located within this building.

20. Students Union

Our 10 floor student Union is the hub of student life at the University of Strathclyde. As well as being home to the Student Executive who represent students both within and outside the University, it's a great place for a night out. The Union is also home to over 170 clubs and societies for students to join as well as our Student Newspaper and Student Radio Station

21. The Royal College Building

This listed building took nine years to complete, starting in 1903 when King Edward VII laid the foundation stone. It's renaissance style reflects the civic pride of Glasgow at the time and once built, was the largest educational building built in the UK and possibly Europe. Despite being the oldest building on campus, the Science and Engineering departments based here have embraced new teaching styles with the first interactive classroom in the UK that used 'who wants to be a millionaire' keypads for students to get involved during their lectures and 3D prototyping facilities for students from the department of Design, Manufacture and Engineering Management.

For further information on studying at the University of Strathclyde visit:

Undergraduates:

<http://www.strath.ac.uk/studywithus/undergraduate>

Postgraduates:

<http://www.strath.ac.uk/studywithus/postgraduatetaught/>

tel: 0141 548 2814

email: ugenquiries@strath.ac.uk



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