



Bute Report



Island: Bute Date: 24/05/2019

This report has been produced by the Strathclyde Centre for Environmental Law and Governance (SCELG) and Scottish Island Federation (SIF) in the framework of their collaboration with the Islands Team of the Scottish Government. The goal of this report is to capture the essence of the discussions that have taken place at the consultation event on Bute. The report will be sent out to participants who authorised us to do so in order to receive further comments and feedback. The report is not to be considered as an indication of what will ultimately go into the National Island Plan, but it will inform the latter. The report is also not to be considered as an indication of the position of Scottish Government on any of the points mentioned therein.

Introduction

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On 24 May 2019 a consultation event took place on Bute between 5:30pm and 8pm. The event was attended by 32 people and the goal was to capture both what works well on the island and the challenges faced by the community on Bute. The consultation is required by the Islands (Scotland) Act 2018, as a means to inform the National Islands Plan that Scottish Government will be presenting to Scottish Parliament on 4 October 2019.

Bute as a great place to live

The consultation highlighted the following things that make living on Bute great:

- Connectivity
- Environment
- Health and well-being
- Education
- History
- Community
- Services & infrastructure



Participants to the Bute event highlighted Bute as an island with a strong community and tranquil natural environment that facilitates a good sense of health and wellbeing for residents. Participants also underlined the benefits of Bute as an island with good connectivity to the mainland and cities such as Glasgow, as well as good digital connectivity. The history that permeates Bute is an important aspect of the culture and sense of place on the island and is indeed one of the reasons why people love living on the island and why it attracts so many visitors. There are a wide range of good services, including good health services, schools, a wide range of shops









which support locals in being 'self-sufficient' as well as a variety of sporting facilities and opportunities such as the golf club and marina,

Challenges on Bute

The consultation moved on to discuss the current challenges on Bute and the main concerns of the island community. The following are the main issues that were shared by the participants at the event (see Annex for more details):

- Depopulation
- Economic Development
- **Environmental Protection**
- Health and wellbeing
- Community empowerment
- Transport
- **Digital Connectivity**
- Fuel Poverty
- Land management



- Large regional control Breakdown so control is closer to use devolved authority: Buteshire
- Lack of support to return Bute Brewery
- Proposed developments that are not environmentally neutral/positive
- Restore castle
- **Restore Ettrick Tram**
- Require increased and improved tourist attractions
- Support required for active sports: mountain bike trails, kayaking, boat trips









The National Islands Plan and the Response from the Participants

During the consultation, several key challenges were discussed in greater detail. We wish to make it very clear that a more in depth focus was undertaken for the purposes of the face-to-face consultation, and should not be considered as any indication of prioritisation in the framework of the National Islands Plan.

The areas discussed more in depth were:

- Transport
- Economic Development
- Environment
- Land Management
- Devolved Authority

For each, participants were asked to provide more details about the challenge, their proposed solution, next steps, who should undertake these next steps and when. The following are the suggestions that we believe stemmed from the participants present at the consultation on Bute:

Challenge	Suggestion from participants
Transport	 Review ferry infrastructure, including vessel stock, pier and
	landing infrastructure with a view to investing where
	necessary in order to increase resilience of ferry services
	and confidence within ferry operators.
Economic	• Development of a start-up/entrepreneurial support unit
Development	and finance packages to support young/new innovative
	companies.
	Review of taxation on second homes and holiday lets in
	light of case study practices from other geographical









	areas or sectors, with view to ensuring availability of affordable family homes.
Environment	 Review ferry practices and stock to progress towards non-fossil fuel ferries, and encourage ferry operators to increase awareness of the impact idle engines in queues. Review the environmental threshold of potential developments and increase ambition on environmental targets with a view to considering the benefits of placing Bute as a market-leader in a 0 carbon economy.
Land Management	 Review current abattoir policy and fund scoping study of the benefits and feasibility of permanent or mobile abattoir facilities on Bute to support local produce production. Review Land Reform Act to ensure support for local representation on boards of privately owned estates and consider mandatory long term security of tenurship, and provision of available land for new business or young farmers.
Devolved Authority	 Review current local governance structure and fund a scoping study on the potential benefits and impacts of a devolved authority on Bute or development of a Clyde Islands Group.

Bute Vision

Island communities know that good governance requires an integrated and holistic approach to policy. We wish to stress once again that the National Islands Plan and

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its implementation will not address specific issues in isolation, but rather will consider all factors together whilst taking into account their crosscutting nature. In addition, each island has its own unique character and its own unique challenges. From the consultation on Bute we have identified the following specific traits to Bute:

Firstly, Bute is a prime example of how many, if not all, outcomes that need to be improved are inter-linked and need to be considered together. Above all is community empowerment, and reforming current governance systems to enable decisions to be taken as close as possible to use and with active local participation. The participants made it abundantly clear that they want authority to be devolved to Bute. The community are aware of the radical change that this will require within the existing local authority and consider a timeline to 2025 appropriate for this. It was acknowledged, however, that as well as devolved authority from a council perspective, local representation on the boards of Estate owners would be required in order to ensure true local decision making and challenge to private estate owners.

Secondly, it is considered that if the island community were more in charge of decision making affecting the island that the system would be more agile to sustainable development opportunities that support and enhance 'Bute Identity'. For example, there is a strong sense that development of a 'Bute Brand' would enhance economic development but that, in order for this to be realized, reform is required to management (security of tenure and release of land for young land business/farmers), and that development of an on-island abattoir (static or mobile), currently prohibited, would enable truly 'Bute branded' produce and reduce production costs.

Support for the development of the 'Bute Brand' could be incentivized through more support for young innovative companies. Repairs to ageing infrastructure was also









considered as a must in order to attract and retain businesses. Linked to this, however, is the need for more affordable housing, particularly for young people and families. Tax on second homes and holiday lets should be considered in order to ensure that affordable housing stock is available to young residents. Return of Bute Brewery is considered to be a real opportunity, however this requires connectivity across transport and land availability.

Thirdly, the community on Bute have a strong sense of the need to protect their natural, tranquil environment. Whilst acknowledging that environmental ambitions must in turn support economic development, there is an ambition amongst the community to place Bute at the fore of sustainable development and move towards a '0 carbon island'. This involves integration and cross working amongst locals, but also in decision making that supports only developments with neutral or positive environmental impact. For example, the proposed fish farms are highly controversial and considered by many to be unsustainable. Change would also be required within service providers, most notably the ferry provider to move away from fossil fueled vessels.

Indeed, the ferry and wider transport (buses, trams, private transport) were discussed at length. The proximity of Bute to the mainland offers opportunities; however, the lack of resilience in current ferry operations was highlighted as a real challenge to connectivity, economic development and transport. There is a sense that current ferry providers' operate a 'zero risk' policy which results in frequent ferry cancelations as a result of weather. It was acknowledged that the infrastructure at Wemyss Bay was not fit for purpose – particularly given the move to only using 1 side of the pier, exposed to strong southerly winds.

What now?

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First and foremost, we wish to thank those who attended the consultation events on Bute. We encourage you to fill in the on-line consultation at https://consult.gov.scot/agriculture-and-ruralcommunities/national-islands-plan/. You can find the consultation document that provides background information about the Islands (Scotland) Act 2018, the National Islands Plan and the Islands Communities Impact Assessment at https://www.gov.scot/publications/national-islandsplan-islands-communities-impact-assessmentguidance-consultation/.



More importantly, please send us any comments/feedback on this report at n.crook@strath.ac.uk

The National Islands Plan will only be useful if it is truly informed by the island communities and by all those who have an interest and a stake in Scottish islands. Thanks to your participation in the consultation event and your comments and feedback, we are confident that the work being undertaken towards the National Islands Plan is capturing the voice of island communities. We are also sure that this is only the beginning and that, together, we can make sure that the National Islands Plan is not just "another" plan, but "The Plan" that works for island communities in Scotland.

Useful links:

On-line consultation - <u>https://consult.gov.s</u>cot/agriculture-and-ruralcommunities/national-islands-plan/

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- Consultation document https://www.gov.scot/publications/national-islands-. plan-islands-communities-impact-assessment-guidance-consultation/
- Islands (Scotland) Act 2018 .
- Strathclyde Centre for Environmental Law and Governance (SCELG) -. https://www.strath.ac.uk/research/strathclydecentreenvironmentallawgover nance/
- Scottish Island Federation (SIF) http://www.scottish-islands-federation.co.uk/
- SCELG portal on the consultation -https://www.strath.ac.uk/research/strathclydecentreenvironmentallawgover nance/ourwork/research/labsincubators/eilean/islandsscotlandact/consultati ons/









Annex

Challenges about living and working on Bute

-Depopulation	-Economic Development	-Transport
Opportunities for	More affordable	Ferries - lifeline
young people	premises for small	Reliable 24 hour ferry
(training, social	businesses	services
opportunities, etc.)	Increase	24 hour electric ferries
Late ferry-passenger	employment –	Wemyss Bay
ferry	especially	improvements – so no
 Increase population – 	professional	ferry issues due to
families	Incentivizing people	weather
 Attract more 	to live/visit (business	Last Ferry from
youngsters – involve	and residents	Mainland
in local decision	Bute branded	Change CalMac
making	business (like Arran)	Management,
	> Tourism	structure – culture
	development: café	Improved resilience
	culture, arts and	for ferries (-Wemyss
	entertainment,	Bay terminal)
	national theatre, fish	Need Ferry/vessel to
	restaurant, dark sky	hop Arran,
	island	Campbeltown,
	Decorate and	Tignabruaich,
	maintain the front,	Rothesay, Dunoon,
	demolish renovate	Largs
	eyesores	 Bus ferry transport
	 Sustainable 	CalMac reworked
	development – not	More water transport
	fish farms	









۶	Refocus tourism
	product

- Build new housing
- Housing: stop Air BnB, short term lets
- Affordable housing
- Involvement of local community in decision making
- > Own bank
- Fish farms? Location \triangleright issues
- Large hotel spa
- Expansion of outdoor activities
- Compulsory selling of rundown houses encourage refurbishment
- > Observatory
- Calmac ferry television show Bute marketing, improve role in marketing Bute
- Training opportunities for 18-25 year olds
- > 1st class connectivity -Enable competitive IT Businesses

- Utilise water more for transport (like Venice!)
- Tunnel/bridge to mainland
- Pedestrian boat to Glasgow
- > Tunnel Culintraive
- Bridge to Dunoon \succ

On island Transport

- \succ Electric buses and trams
- Publically available cheap e-bikes
- Airport (electric planes)









		I
	Reopen local	
	abattoir or mobile	
	abattoir	
	Local fish landing-	
	sale	
-Digital Connectivity	Environmental Protection	Land management
 First class I.T 	University of the	Land reform
Connectivity	Environment	Young farmers need
 Good internet for 	Marine National Park	opportunities
whole island	> Environmental	Home grown
Rural internet	protection and	sustainable food
improvement	development of	system
	natural resources	 Not polluting fish
	Check water quality	farms
	more often	 Clyde protection
	Use of tide/wave	environment
	energy production	policy/planning
	Building environment	policy reform
	improvement – e.g.	 Proper development
	Royal Hotel,	of wood/forestry on
	Montague Street,	the island – planting
	empty shops	and processing
	Build model eco-	 Maintain roads,
	village	beaches
	 Cleaner streets 	Use semi-derelict
	 Flood barriers or plan 	building, refurb & use
	to move people from	Refurbish all derelict
	areas of rising sea	building and farms
	impact	Security of tenure for
	Recycle everything	farmers

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 Fuel poverty Own energy generation Bring back feed-in- tariff Improved sustainability (power generation – tidal, wind biomass) waste 	farms to other businesses Break-up of large owner land control - Health and Wellbeing More residential places for elderly Restore hospital Education: staffing recruitment & retainment quantity Dentist – without 3
 > Own energy generation > Bring back feed-in- tariff > Improved sustainability (power generation – tidal, 	 Break-up of large owner land control Health and Wellbeing More residential places for elderly Restore hospital Education: staffing recruitment & retainment quantity Dentist – without 3
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sustainability (power generation – tidal,	retainment quantityDentist – without 3
generation – tidal,	 Dentist – without 3
wind biomass) waste	
	year waiting list
management	Improved access for
	disabled people
il	 Health spa – fresh air
	water & jobs
	 Indoor entertainmen
	– young and old
	 Organise a marathor
	 Have the hospital as
	it once was – full
	service, training
	nurses
	 Kids indoor activities
	better pool, climbin
	wall etc.
	Youth club activities









Active sports: mountain bike trails, kayaking, boat trips	Return of Bute Brewery	Devolved authority: Buteshire
Deny any development that	Restoration	
is not environmentally	 Restore castle 	
neutral/positive	 Restore Ettrick Tram 	
	Increased and	
	improved tourist	
	attractions	



